	Year 1 Bright Lights, Big City	Year 2 Bright Lights, Big City	Year 3 Tribal Tales	Year 4 Tribal Tales	Year 5 I am Pharaoh	Year 6 Time Traveller/ Childs War
	Land Ahoy	Land Ahoy	Blue Abyss	Blue Abyss	Gods and Mortals	Off with her Head/ Hola Mexico
	Towers, Tunnels and Turrets	Towers, Tunnels and Turrets	I Am Warrior	I Am Warrior	Peasants, Princes and Pestilence	Allotment / Local History
Chronological Understanding NC AIM: To know and understand the	To use simple vocabulary to describe the passing of time.	To use terms associated with the past (year/ decade/ century). (P)	To use appropriate historical vocabulary to describe key features of a past time.			
history of these islands as a coherent, chronological narrative, from the earliest times to the present day; how people's lives have shaped this	To begin to order artefacts and pictures from significantly different periods. To sequence the story of a	To order events in a period of history studied and recall key dates. (P)	To describe some of the main changes in Britain, resulting from an event.	To place different periods of time on a timeline, remembering key historical dates. (M)	To independently place historical events or change of a timeline, remembering key facts from a period.	To create from memory a timeline from dates showing accuracy.
nation and how Britain was influenced and been influenced by the wider world.	significant individual figure.			To understand an event can have multiple causes.		
	To describe, in simple terms, why a significant individual acted the way they did.	To begin to understand cause and effect by looking at significant individuals' actions and the results.	To explain how a significant figure of a period influenced change.	To explain how significant historical figures contributed to national and international achievements.	To describe how a significant individual or movement has influenced the UK. To explain why people acted as they did.	To describe how their own lives have been influenced by a significant individual or movement.
Historical Knowledge Vocabulary	To describe, in simple terms, the importance of a local place or landmark.	To describe how people, places and events in their own locality have changed over time.	To describe how national changes affected their locality.	To describe the impact of international events on their local area.	To link events from periods studied to changes or development in Britain.	
NC AIM:						
To know and understand significant aspects of the history of the wider world; the nature of ancient civilisations; the expansion and dissolution of	To compare their own life and interests now with their babyhood, recalling a significant memory.	To describe how their own life is different from past generations of their own family.		To begin to use abstract terms (empire, civilisation, peasantry).	To make appropriate use of historical terms in discussions and understand the concept	To use in context and understand terms relating to different types of history. [A local history study]
empires; characteristic features of past non-European societies;	[changes within living memory]	[Events beyond living memory]	[Changes in Britain from Stone Age to the Iron Age]	[Changes in Britain from Stone Age to the Iron Age] (M)	[The achievements of the earliest civilisation]	[An aspect or theme of British
achievements and follies of man-kind.	[lives of significant individuals] [Significant historical events]	[Significant historical events]	[The Roman Empire and its Impact on Britain]	[The Roman Empire and its Impact on Britain]	[Ancient Greece]	History that extends knowledge beyond 1066]
To gain and employ a historically grounded understanding of abstract terms					[An aspect or theme of British History that extends knowledge beyond 1066]	[A non-European society to contrast with British History]
To gain historical perspectives by placing their growing knowledge in to different contexts						



Interpretation of history NC AIM: To understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts and analyse trends	To begin to describe similarities and differences between historical artefacts and pictures.	To build a 'bigger picture' of a historical period, using a range of source materials. (P)	To describe how their own lives are similar or different to children living in past times. To express an opinion on whether a person or event had a positive or negative impact on life in Britain.	To compare two periods of history, identifying similarities and differences between them.	To make connections between 2 periods of history, to begin to develop historical perspective.	To provide reasons for, and outcomes of, the main events and changes in Britain and the wider world. To make connections, draw contrasts and identify trends in 2 or more periods of history, to improve historical perspective. To describe the negative and positive impact of a period of history on contemporary society. To acknowledge different points of view expressed and explain why these are important in understanding and interpreting history.
Historical Enquiry NC AIM: To understand methods of	Ask and respond to simple questions about the past, using sources of information.	To ask and <mark>answer questions</mark> about a range of historical <mark>sources.</mark> (P)	To suggest useful research questions. (M)	To ask and answer questions through independent research. (M)	To follow independent lines of enquiry and make informed responses based upon this.	To independently investigate a complex historical research question.
historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed.	To use simple source materials to answer questions about an event beyond living memory.	To use the stories of famous historical figures to compare aspects of life in different times. (P)	To choose the most important source materials for a task, showing an awareness of a range of sources. (M)	To use a range of source materials to answer questions about the past which go beyond simple observations (M)	To use a range of sources to describe how an event affected a local town or village. To describe how different types of evidence tell us different things and understand why contrasting arguments occur.	To suggest and research information sources required to present an in-depth study of a local town.
Communication and Presentation NC AIM: To create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses.	To retell a story or significant event from their own past.	To show increased knowledge and understanding of events beyond living memory through simple recording, using text and drawings. (P)	To use labelled diagrams, recounts, stories, diaries and pictures to illustrate understanding about historical events and famous people. (M)	To choose the best way to record a range of historical information, giving reasons for the choice. (M)	To select, organise and record relevant information from a range of sources to produce well-structured narratives, descriptions and explanations.	To select, organise, summarise and present relevant information, from a wide range of sources, in the most effective way for a given purpose.

